

CS4120/4121/5120/5121—Spring 2020

Programming Assignment 4

Intermediate Code Generation

Due: Thursday, March 12, 11:59PM

This programming assignment requires you to implement an *IR generator* for the [Xi programming language](#). As discussed in class, it is difficult to translate high-level source code directly into assembly code. A solution to this problem is to perform simpler translations using *intermediate representations*. Compilers often make use of multiple IRs, but your compiler should only use one.

0 Changes

- None yet; watch this space.

1 Instructions

1.1 Grading

Solutions will be graded on documentation and design, completeness of the implementation, correctness, and style. 5% of the score is allocated to whether bugs in past assignments have been fixed.

1.2 Partners

You will work in a group of 3–4 students for this assignment. This should be the same group as in the last assignment. If not, please discuss with the course staff.

Remember that the course staff is happy to help with problems you run into. Read all Piazza posts and ask questions that have not been addressed, attend office hours, or set up meetings with any course staff member for help.

1.3 Package names

Please ensure that all Java code you submit is contained within a package (or similar, for other languages) whose name contains the NetID of at least one of your group members. Subpackages under this package are allowed; they can be named however you like.

1.4 Tips

You should complete your implementation of an IR generator as you see fit, but we offer the following suggestions.

Incrementally implement the translations you will apply to your source nodes to produce the IR nodes. As you write these translations, test them out using simple expressions.

Incremental testing can be helpful. For example, a test for the correctness of a translation of an expression e need not test translations of subexpressions of e .

2 Design overview document

We expect your group to submit an overview document. The [Overview Document Specification](#) outlines our expectations.

3 Building on previous programming assignments

Use your lexer from PA1, your parser from PA2, and your type checker from PA3. Part of your task for this assignment is to fix any problems that you had in the previous assignments. Discuss these problems in your overview document, and explain briefly how you fixed them.

4 Version control

As in previous assignments, you must submit a file `git-log.txt` that contains the commit history from your group since your last submission.

5 Changes from previous programming assignments

Filenames are now required as part of error messages. In particular, when there is a lexical, syntax, or semantic error, the compiler should indicate this by printing to standard output (`System.out`) an error message that includes the kind (lexical, syntax, or semantic) and the position of the error, in the following format:

```
<kind> error at <filename>:<line>:<column>: <description>
```

where `<kind>` is one of `Lexical`, `Syntax`, and `Semantic`.

Error reporting for interface files is similar.

If the program is semantically valid, the compiler should terminate normally (exit code 0) without generating any standard output, unless certain options are specified on the command line. (See Section 9 for details.)

6 IR model

We expect you to use the tree-based IR presented in class. You may add nodes to this IR or adjust the meaning or syntax of current nodes, but if you choose to do so, you should carefully describe and justify your changes. Note that we will be able to support you best if you use the IR presented in class.

You are required to output canonical (or lowered) IR. This means:

- All side effects (including function calls) must be at the top level in their own statements.
- Basic blocks should be reordered so that the “false” target of all conditional jumps is a fall-through to the appropriate label. You should also remove any unnecessary jumps that go to the very next statement, and add jumps as necessary to ensure that the control flow graph is unchanged.

We will interpret your IR code for grading. To avoid grading issues, please use the following calling conventions. All arguments to and return values from a function call should be given as children to the **CALL** and **RETURN** IR instructions. On the receiving side (the callee function, or the code after the function call), these arguments and return values will be stored in registers with the prefix `_ARG` or `_RET`, and indices starting from 0 (e.g. `_ARG0`, `_RET1`, etc).

6.1 Provided code

An initial Java implementation of this IR that you may build on or even use unmodified, along with an interpreter for this IR implementation, is provided in a [released zip file](#).

7 Constant folding

For this assignment, you are also required to implement *constant folding* at the IR level. This optimization will improve the performance of your generated code by computing the values of side-effect-free expressions at compile time. You may also implement some constant folding at the AST level.

8 Xi ABI

Although your compiler will not be able to generate runnable code until after the next assignment, you will need to begin ensuring that your code will be compliant with the Xi *application binary interface* (ABI) for run-time support. You will need this run-time support for program bootstrapping, for memory management, and for I/O.

To help you with this, we are providing you with an [ABI specification](#) for your reference.

9 Command-line interface

A general form for the command-line interface is as follows:

```
xic [options] <source files>
```

Unless noted below, the expected behaviors of previously available options are as defined in the previous assignment. `xic` should support any reasonable combination of options. For this assignment, the following options are possible:

- `--help`: Print a synopsis of options.
- `--lex`: Generate output from lexical analysis.

- `--parse`: Generate output from syntactic analysis.
- `--typecheck`: Generate output from semantic analysis.
- `--irgen`: Generate intermediate code.

For each source file given as `path/to/file.xi` in the command line, an output file named `path/to/file.ir` will be generated with the intermediate representation of the source file. The generated code should be pretty-printed as S-expressions.

- `-sourcepath <path>`: Specify where to find input source files.
- `-libpath <path>`: Specify where to find library interface files.
- `-D <path>`: Specify where to place generated diagnostic files.
- `-O`: Disable optimizations.

If specified, optimizations such as constant folding should not be performed.

We encourage but do not require you to provide the following option as part of your compiler. It will be a big help to you when debugging code generation.

- `--irrun`: Generate and interpret intermediate code.

For each source file, the intermediate code is generated, as with the `--irgen` option. The compiler then uses the provided IR interpreter to execute this expression:

```
CALL(NAME(_Imain_pai), CONST(0))
```

Per the ABI specification, this statement invokes the procedure `main()` with a dummy argument. Any call to the standard library functions should be simulated by the interpreter. For example, the interpreter should handle a call to `print()` by simply printing output to `System.out`.

If you are building your compiler in Java, you will get almost all of the implementation of the `--irrun` option in the `IRSimulator` class that is part of the released code. If you are building your compiler in another language, it should not be difficult to port the IR interpreter to that language or to build one from scratch.

10 Build script

Your build script `xic-build` from previous programming assignments should remain available. The expected behaviors of the build script are as defined in the previous assignment. The build script must be in the root directory of your submission zip file.

If your `xic-build` uses Gradle, it is now required that you do not use the Gradle daemon (at least when invoked via `xic-build`). This can be done by passing the CLI argument `--no-daemon` to gradle.

11 Test harness

`xth` has been updated to contain test cases for this assignment and to support testing IR generation. To update `xth`, run the `update` script in the `xth` directory on the VM.

A general form for the `xth` command-line invocation is as follows:

```
xth [options] <test-script>
```

The following options are of particular interest:

- `-compilerpath <path>`: Specify where to find the compiler
- `-testpath <path>`: Specify where to find the test files
- `-workpath <path>`: Specify the working directory for the compiler

For the full list of currently available options, invoke `xth`.

The best way to run `xth` with the provided test cases is from the home directory of the VM, using this command:

```
xth -compilerpath <xicpath> -testpath <tp> -workpath <wp> <xthScript>
```

where

- `<xicpath>` is the path to the directory containing your build script and command-line interface.
- `<tp>` is of the form `xth/tests/pa#/,` where `#` is the programming assignment number.
- `<wp>` is preferably a fresh, nonexistent compiler such as `shared/xthout`.
- `<xthScript>` is of the form `xth/tests/pa#/xthScript,` where `#` is the programming assignment number.

An `xth` test script specifies a number of test cases to run. Once the updated `xth` is released, directory `xth/tests/pa4` will contain a sample test script (`xthScript`), along with several test cases. `xthScript` also lists the syntax of an `xth` test script.

`xth` was used successfully in the last iteration of the course, but bugs are always possible. Please report errors, request additional features, and give feedback on Piazza.

12 Submission

You should submit these items on CMS:

- `overview.txt/pdf`: Your overview document for the assignment. This file should contain your names, your NetIDs, all known issues you have with your implementation, and the names of anyone you have discussed the homework with. It should also include descriptions of any extensions you implemented.
- A zip file containing these items:
 - *Source code*: You should include everything required to compile and run the project. *We require that `xic` and `xic-build` are at the root of the zip file.* If you use a lexer generator, please include the lexer input file, e.g., `*.flex`. Please include your parser generator input file, e.g., `*.cup`. Do not include the corresponding files that are created by your lexer or parser generators. Your `xic-build` should use these files to generate source code. Do not submit compiled versions of your own code (submitting precompiled libraries is OK).
 - *Tests*: You should include all your test cases and test code that you used to test your program. Be sure to mention where these files are in your overview document. Do not submit instructor tests or `xth`.

- *Libraries*: Your build process must not download anything from the internet. If your code depends on any third-party libraries, they must be included in the submission. Include precompiled libraries (e.g. JAR files) when feasible, especially for large libraries. For smaller libraries, it often makes sense to include the source code directly, but be sure to make clear what is library code, e.g. by package name. Do not make global environment changes in your `xic-build` script. Do not modify any files outside of the directory that contains the `xic-build` script (i.e. the submission folder.)

Do not include any derived, IDE, or SCM-related files or directories such as `.class`, `.jar`, `.classpath`, `.project`, `.git`, and `.gitignore`, unless they are precompiled versions of third party libraries.

It is strongly encouraged that you use the `zip` CLI tool on a `*nix` platform, such as the course VM. Do not use Archive Utility or Finder on macOS as they include extraneous dotfiles, and do not use a Windows tool that does not maintain the executable bit of your `xic` and `xic-build`.

It is suggested that you write a small (shell) script to pack your submission zip file, since you will be using it repeatedly throughout the course.

- `git-log.txt`: A dump of your commit log since your last submission, from the version-control system of your choice.